

## GREM1 抗原（重组蛋白）

中文名称：GREM1 抗原（重组蛋白）

英文名称： GREM1 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

储 存： 冷冻（-20℃）

相关类别： 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 25-184 amino acids of human GREM1

技术规格

<b>Full name:</b>	gremlin 1, DAN family BMP antagonist
<b>Synonyms:</b>	DRM; HMPS; MPSH; PIG2; CRAC1; CRCS4; DAND2; HMPS1; IHG-2; DUP15q; C15DUPq; GREMLIN; CKTSF1B1
<b>Swissprot:</b>	O60565
<b>Gene Accession:</b>	BC069525
<b>Purity:</b>	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
<b>Expression system:</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Tags:</b>	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
<b>Background:</b>	This gene encodes a member of the BMP (bone morphogenic protein) antagonist family. Like BMPs, BMP antagonists contain cystine knots and typically form homo- and heterodimers. The CAN (ceerberus and dan) subfamily of BMP antagonists, to which this gene belongs, is characterized by a C-terminal cystine knot with an eight-membered ring. The antagonistic effect of the secreted glycosylated protein encoded by this gene is likely due to its direct binding to BMP proteins. As an antagonist of BMP, this gene may play a role in regulating organogenesis, body patterning, and tissue differentiation. In mouse, this protein has been shown to relay the sonic hedgehog (SHH) signal from the polarizing region to the apical ectodermal ridge during limb bud outgrowth. Alternatively

spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.